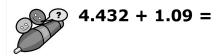
Today we will use number sense to solve one-step equations. Please gather a clicker, your notebook and a pencil **Get ready for the warm-up questions.** Is this drawn correctly to model 2x + 6? Yes or No (A) Yes (B) No Evaluate: 8x for x = 7Text in your response.



Copy down the problem, work it out, and then text in your answer.

Using Number Sense to Solve One-Step Equations

#### What You'll Learn

To use mental math to estimate and solve problems

New Vocabulary equation, open sentence, solution

# Why Learn This?

Part of the fun of collecting is completing your collection. You can use an equation to find the number of items you still need.



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An equation is a mathematical sentence that has an equal sign, =. An equation is like a balanced scale.



To be in balance, a scale must have weights with the same total on each side.

 $8 + 4 = 3 \times 4$ 

 $\leftarrow$  A true equation has equal values on each side of the equal sign.

If each side of the equation does not have the same value, the equation is false. Use  $\neq$  to indicate that an equation is false.

# **EXAMPLE** True Equations and False Equations

1 Is the equation 6 + 13 = 18 true or false?

$$6 + 13 \stackrel{?}{=} 18 \leftarrow$$
 Write the equation.

19 
$$\leftarrow$$
 Add 6 + 13.

$$19 \neq 18 \leftarrow Compare$$
.

The equation is false.

1 EXAMPLE Is the equation 24 – 16 = 8 true or false?

The equation is true.



True or False?  $7 \times 9 = 63$ 



True



False



# True or False? 4 + 5 = 45



True



**False** 



# True or False? 70 - 39 = 41



True



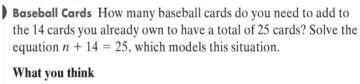
**False** 

An equation with one or more variables is an **open sentence**. A **solution** of an equation is the value of the variable that makes the equation true. For example, x - 15 = 12 is an open sentence. Since 27 - 15 = 12, the value 27 is the solution to x - 15 = 12.

You can use mental math to find the solution of some equations.

# EXAMPLE

# **Using Mental Math**





I need to find a number that I can add to 14 and get 25. Since 11 + 14 = 25, the solution is 11.

I need 11 more cards.

2 EXAMPLE Use mental math to solve each equation.

$$a.y - 7 = 15$$

## What you think

22-7=15, so the solution is 22.

**b.** 
$$d \div 9 = 6$$

## What you think

 $54 \div 9 = 6$ , so the solution is 54.



# Mental math: Solve this equation: 17 - x = 8 What is x?

# Text in your response.



# Solve: $w \div 4 = 20$

Text in your response.

# **EXAMPLE** Guess, Check, and Revise

3 Use the strategy Guess, Check, and Revise to solve n - 43 = 19.

Estimate Round the numbers to get a good starting point.

$$n - 43 = 19$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \downarrow$$

$$n - 40 = 20$$

#### What you think

Using mental math, I know 60 - 40 = 20, so *n* is close to 60.

I can try substituting 60 for *n* in the equation: 60 - 43 = 17.

The number 17 is too low. I will try n = 65: 65 - 43 = 22.

The number 22 is too high. I will try n = 62: 62 - 43 = 19.

Since 62 - 43 = 19 is true, the solution to n - 43 = 19 is 62.

# 3 EXAMPLE Use the strategy Guess, Check, and Revise to solve r + 27 = 89.

Estimate Round the numbers.

$$r + 27 = 89$$
 $\downarrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \downarrow$ 
 $r + 30 = 90$ 

#### What you think

You know 60 + 30 = 90, so r is close to 60.

Try r = 60. 60 + 27 = 87 Too low.

Try r = 61. 61 + 27 = 88 Too low.

Try r = 62. 62 + 27 = 89 Right.

The solution to r + 27 = 89 is r = 62.

There are some open sentences that are true for every value you use for the variable. The algebraic equations that illustrate the number properties are true for all values of a, b, and c.

#### **KEY CONCEPTS** Number Properties

## **Identity Properties**

The sum of 0 and any number

The product of 1 and any number is that number.

 Arithmetic
 0 + 9 = 9  $1 \times 9 = 9$  

 Algebra
 0 + a = a  $1 \times a = a$ 

**Commutative Properties** Changing the order of addends or factors does not change the sum or the product.

 Arithmetic
 9 + 6 = 6 + 9  $9 \times 6 = 6 \times 9$  

 Algebra
 a + b = b + a  $a \times b = b \times a$ 

**Associative Properties** Changing the grouping of numbers does not change the sum or the product.

#### Arithmetic

9 + (6 + 4) = (9 + 6) + 4

 $9 \cdot (6 \times 4) = (9 \cdot 6) \times 4$ 

Algebra

a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c a(bc) = (ab)c

# **Extra practice**

Find the missing number that makes the equation true.

4. 
$$+ 3 = 5$$

**4.** 
$$\blacksquare + 3 = 5$$
 **5.**  $\blacksquare \times 4 = 12$ 

# **Extra practice**

Tell whether each equation is true or false.

**6.** 
$$5 + 14 = 14 + 5$$
 **7.**  $0 \times 9 = 9$  **8.**  $2 \times 5 = 5 + 2$ 

**7.** 
$$0 \times 9 = 9$$

8. 
$$2 \times 5 = 5 + 7$$

**9.** 
$$0 + 3 = 3$$
 **10.**  $1 \cdot y = y$  **11.**  $x + 1 = x$ 

**10.** 
$$1 \cdot y = y$$

**11.** 
$$x + 1 = x$$

Power down your clickers.

You have an assignment worksheet on this lesson, due tomorrow.

You can put your clickers away now.

		Date
Practice 2-3	Using Number	Sense to Solve One-Step Equatio
Find the missing number that ma	kes the equation true.	
<b>1.</b> 7 + = 12	<b>2.</b> $\times 5 = 30$	<b>3.</b> 13 – = 4
Tell whether each equation is tru	e or false.	-
<b>4.</b> 12 + 10 = 10 + 12	<b>5.</b> 31 + 4 =	41 + 3
6. $(3 \times 5) \times 4 = 3 \times (5 \times 4)$	7. $0 \times a = a$	1
Solve each equation. Use either r	nental math or the strategy Gue	ess,
<b>8.</b> 8 <i>b</i> = 72	<b>9.</b> <i>n</i> + 14 =	45
<b>10.</b> $w \div 12 = 3$	<b>11.</b> 53 = z -	19
<b>12.</b> 153 = 9k	<b>13.</b> $4 = m + 1$	24
14. The winners of a slam dunk l T-shirts. The coach spends \$5 Each T-shirt costs \$4.20. Solv find the number of team mer	0.40 on shirts for the entire team re the equation $(4.20)n = 50.40$	m.
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