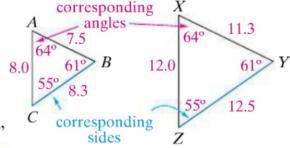


## Why Learn This? Consider taking a picture for Evernote

Sometimes you want an image to be larger or smaller than the original.

Similar figures have the same shape but not necessarily the same size. The ratios of the lengths of corresponding sides in similar figures are proportional.

The symbol ∼ means "is similar to."



8

32

If two polygons are similar polygons, then corresponding angles are congruent and the lengths of corresponding sides are in proportion. Recall that in a proportion, the *cross products* are equal. In the diagram above,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle XYZ$ .

# **EXAMPLE** Identifying Similar Polygons



1 Is rectangle LMNO similar to rectangle HIJK? Explain.

$$\angle L \cong \angle H$$
  $\angle M \cong \angle I$   $\angle N \cong \angle J$   $\angle O \cong \angle K$ 

$$\frac{MN}{IJ} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{LM}{HI} \leftarrow \text{Write a proportion.}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{10}{8} \leftarrow \text{Substitute}.$$

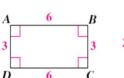
$$4\, \cdot \, 8 \, \stackrel{?}{=} \, 3\, \cdot \, 10 \quad \leftarrow \text{Write the cross products.}$$

$$32 \neq 30 \leftarrow$$
Simplify.

The corresponding angles are congruent, but the corresponding sides are not in proportion. So the rectangles are *not* similar.

**EXAMPLE** Is rectangle ABCD similar to rectangle RSTU? Explain why or

why not.





First, check to see if corresponding angles are congruent.

$$\angle A \cong \angle R$$
  $\angle B \cong \angle S$   $\leftarrow$  All right angles are 90°.

$$\angle C \cong \angle T$$
  $\angle D \cong \angle U$ 

Next, check to see if corresponding sides are in proportion.

$$\frac{AB}{RS} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{DA}{UR}$$
  $\leftarrow$  AB corresponds to RS. DA corresponds to UR.

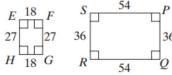
$$\frac{6}{48}$$
  $\frac{2}{24}$   $\leftarrow$  Substitute.

The corresponding sides are in proportion, so rectangle ABCD is similar to rectangle RSTU.

### **Quick Check**

**1.** Is rectangle *EFGH* similar to rectangle *PQRS*? Explain.





You can use proportions to find unknown lengths in similar figures.

# **EXAMPLE** Application: Design

2 You are designing a poster. A sketch for the letter H is shown. The letter will be 9 in. tall on the poster. If the two letters are similar, what is the width on the poster?

$$\frac{5 \text{ in.}}{9 \text{ in.}} = \frac{4 \text{ in.}}{w} \leftarrow \text{Write a proportion.}$$

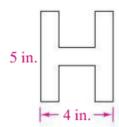
$$5 \cdot w = 9 \cdot 4 \leftarrow \text{Write the cross products.}$$

$$5w = 36 \leftarrow \text{Simplify}.$$

$$\frac{5w}{5} = \frac{36}{5}$$
  $\leftarrow$  Divide each side by 5.

$$x = 7.2 \leftarrow$$
Simplify.

The width of the letter is 7.2 inches.



2 EXAMPLE A stonemason's sketch of a carving to be made on a building includes the letter "E" shown below. If the width of the actual letter in the arrangement is 22 in., what is the height?



$$\frac{2.75 \text{ in.}}{5 \text{ in.}} = \frac{22 \text{ in.}}{x}$$
 Set up a proportion.

$$\frac{2.75x}{2.75} = \frac{110}{2.75}$$
 — Divide each side by 2.75.

$$x = 40$$
 Simplify.

The height of the letter is 40 inches.

When similar figures overlap, you can separate them.

## **EXAMPLE** Overlapping Similar Triangles

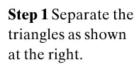
Multiple Choice In the figure at the left,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEC$ . Find the value of x.



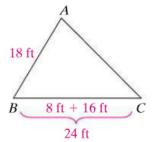


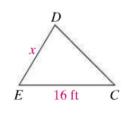
© 12 ft

① 18 ft



**Step 2** Write a proportion using corresponding sides of the triangles.





$$18 \cdot 16 = 24 \cdot x \leftarrow \text{Write the cross products.}$$

$$288 = 24x \leftarrow$$
Simplify.

$$\frac{288}{24} = \frac{24x}{24}$$
  $\leftarrow$  Divide each side by 24.

$$12 = x \leftarrow Simplify.$$

The value of x is 12 ft. The correct answer is choice C.

$$\frac{14}{d} = \frac{12}{21}$$

$$12 \cdot d = 21 \cdot 14$$

 $12 \cdot d = 21 \cdot 14$  ← Write the cross products.

$$12d = 294$$

12*d* = 294 ← Simplify.

$$\frac{12d}{12} = \frac{294}{12}$$

$$d = 24.5$$

d = 24.5 Simplify.

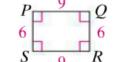
The value of d is 24.5.

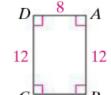
# Check Your Understanding

1. Vocabulary Can a triangle and square be similar figures? Explain.

Complete each statement for the similar figures at the right.

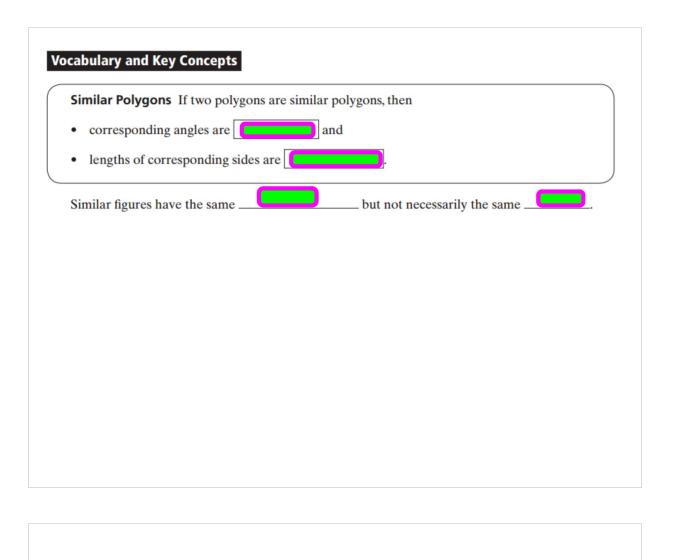
**2.** 
$$\angle P \cong \angle A, \angle R \cong \angle \blacksquare$$





3. 
$$\angle Q \cong \angle B, \angle S \cong \angle \blacksquare$$

4. 
$$\frac{PQ}{AB} = \frac{\blacksquare}{BC}$$



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